

## WIRELESS ACCESS FOR THE FUTURE NETWORKED SOCIETY

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# WIRELESS ACCESS OF TODAY



### WIRELESS ACCESS TECHNOLOGY TODAY ... AND IN THE FUTURE



### THE NETWORKED SOCIETY

#### IN THE NEWORKED SOCIETY PEOPLE, KNOWLEDGE, DEVICES, AND INFORMATION ARE NETWORKED FOR THE GROWTH OF SOCIETY, LIFE, AND BUSINESS

### THE NETWORKED SOCIETY

Unlimiting access to information and sharing of data anywhere and anytime for anyone and anything

Anything can be connected!

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### THE NETWORKED SOCIETY



Wireless Connectivity is key

### FUTURE WIRELESS ACCESS KEY CHALLENGES



### DATA RATES?





A few 10 Gbps in specific scenarios

A few 100 Mbps generally available

### COMMUNICATING MACHINES

- > Very low latency ... in some cases
- > Very high reliability ... in some cases
- > Very small payloads ... in some cases
- > Very good coverage ... in some cases
- > Very low device cost ... in some cases
- > Very long battery life ... in some case

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**Consumer Applications** 





Smart metering

Surveillance











Industrial applications

### TRAFFIC CAPACITY



- More spectrum, preferably of high quality
- More dense network infrastructure (including more antennas)
- Smart cooperation between network nodes

### SPECTRUM



Spectrum is key to what we do ... and there is never enough!

#### **Today** – Spectrum up to 3.5 GHz



### SPECTRUM



#### **Up to 2020** – *Extended spectrum availability up to ≈6.5 GHz*



### SPECTRUM

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#### **Beyond 2020** – *Extension beyond 10 GHz*



- → Large amount of spectrum available ⇒ Further massive increase in traffic capacity
- Potential for very large bandwidths ⇒ Enabler of extreme data rates
- Small wave length ⇒ Enabler for massive antenna solutions
- > But still issues to resolve!

### NEW WAYS OF USING SPECTRUM

- > Cellular: Highly coordinated licensed dedicated spectrum
  - Guaranteed availability but potentially inefficient at low load
- > WiFi: Shared nlicensed spectrum with no coordination/control
  - Efficient at low load but unreliable/in-efficient at high load

#### Future: Consider a range of spectrum-access means

- Licensed but shared
- ...

Complement to dedicated licensed spectrum





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- > Must ensure simple low-cost deployment!
- Must ensure backhaul availability!

### ULTRA-DENSE DEPLOYMENTS

- Orders of magnitudes denser than any cellular network of today
- > GHz bandwidth at very high frequency bands

- Smooth inter-working with wide-area networks
- > Need for flexible backhauling including wireless self-backhaul











### WHAT IS 5G?

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### WHAT IS 5G?



### WHAT IS 5G?







#### Or should we consider a different approach this time?



Evolution of existing radio-access technologies

> New *complementary* technologies

New technology components needed in both cases

### FUTURE RADIO ACCESS

A set of integrated radio-access technologies jointly enabling the Networked Society



### METIS PROJECT





### METIS PROJECT OBJECTIVES



Develop a concept for future mobile and wireless communications system that supports the connected information society

### FUTURE WIRELESS ACCESS

- > A key enabler for the Networked Society
- › Key challenges
  - Continued traffic growth
  - Massive machine communication with wide range of requirements and characteristics
  - Cost and energy consumption
- > Evolution of existing wireless technologies
- New complementary technologies

> Research on "5G" has started





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